FACTOR II,INC



Sharing the knowledge

Intrinsic Coloring

www.factor2.com

Mold Preparation



After cleaning the mold of any wax, a separator is applied to the mold. Allow the separator to dry before applying any silicone.



F-901



The liquid pigments must be sufficiently agitated to disperse the pigment consistently in the medium.



FI Pigments

Silicone



Base and catalyst are weighed out in a 10:1 ratio.



VST-50

Thixo



By adding Thixo the viscosity of the silicone can be raised to allow easier filling of the mold.



A-300-1



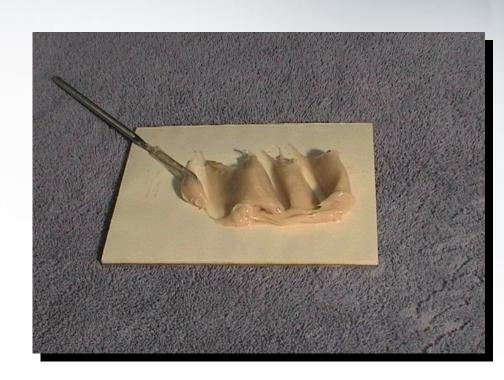
The liquid pigments are added drop by drop to the silicone. The drops should be noted for future reference.



FI-SK-01



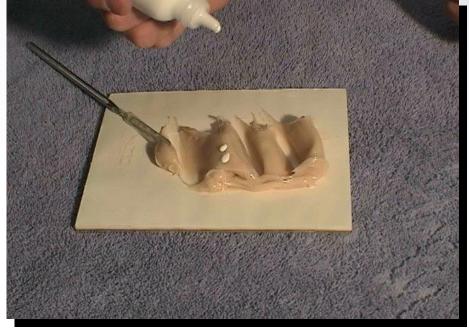
The pigments are easily mixed in to the silicone.





Different colors can be added to match the patients skin tone.





FI-200 FI-204

Swatches

Small batches are then taken and individually colored







The piece for behind the helix is filled with silicone. This should be done in layers.







Ensure that there is no air trapped in the silicone.





The main part of the mold is then filled with silicone.

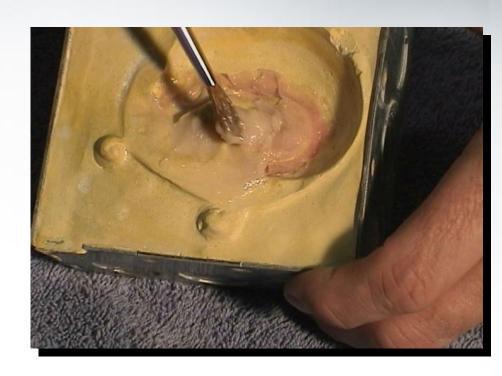
Take care as make the different colors blend in to one another.





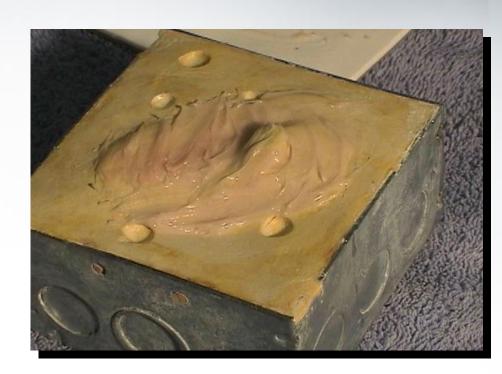


Keep the leading edge in a more translucent silicone





Apply silicone to the base of the prosthesis



Closing the mold



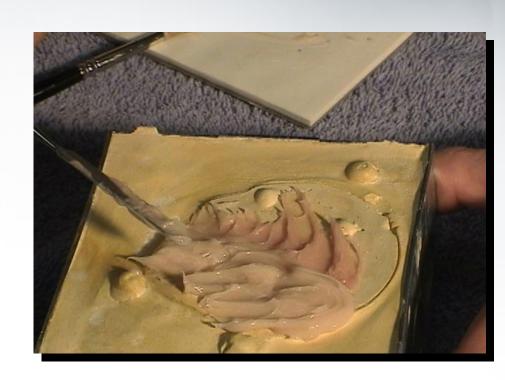
Insert the middle piece in to the mold.



Closing the mold



Ensure that there is sufficient silicone material in the mold



Closing the mold



Close the mold and apply pressure.

